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2015-06-22 M100827/74 MSG/STY

#### Fabric Rime Manufacturer Kvadrat A/S

#### Determination of the airflow resistance according to EN 29053

#### Test Report No. M100827/74

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Consultant: Date of report: Delivery date of test object: Date of test: Total number of pages: Kvadrat A/S Lundbergsvej 10 DK – 8400 Ebeltoft

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Accredited testing laboratory according to ISO/IEC 17025

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#### 1 Task

On behalf of Kvadrat A/S, DK – 8400 Ebeltoft, the airflow resistance of the fabric type Rime was to be determined according to EN 29053 [1].

#### 1 Basics

This test report is based on the following document:

[1] EN 29053: Acoustics – Materials for acoustical applications – Determination of airflow resistance. 1993

### 2 Test objects

The tested fabric is described in Table 1. The indicated characteristic values were determined by the testing laboratory on the basis of the sample delivered by the manufacturer.

Table 1. Test object.

Test object	Area specific mass	Thickness
(manufacturer's information)	<i>m</i> '' [g/m²]	<i>t</i> [mm]
fabric type Rime, color 211 manufacturer Kvadrat A/S material: 90 % new wool, worsted, 10 % nylon	402	0.95

#### **3 Execution of measurements**

The airflow resistance was determined according to EN 29053 [1].

The test method, the test facility and the test equipment used are described in Appendix B.

#### **4 Measurement results**

For the tested fabric type Rime a specific airflow resistance of

 $R_{\rm s}$  = 622 Pa  $\cdot$  s/m

was determined.

The measurement results are shown in diagrams and tables in the test certificate in Appendix A of this report.

#### **5** Remarks

The test results exclusively relate to the investigated subjects and conditions described.

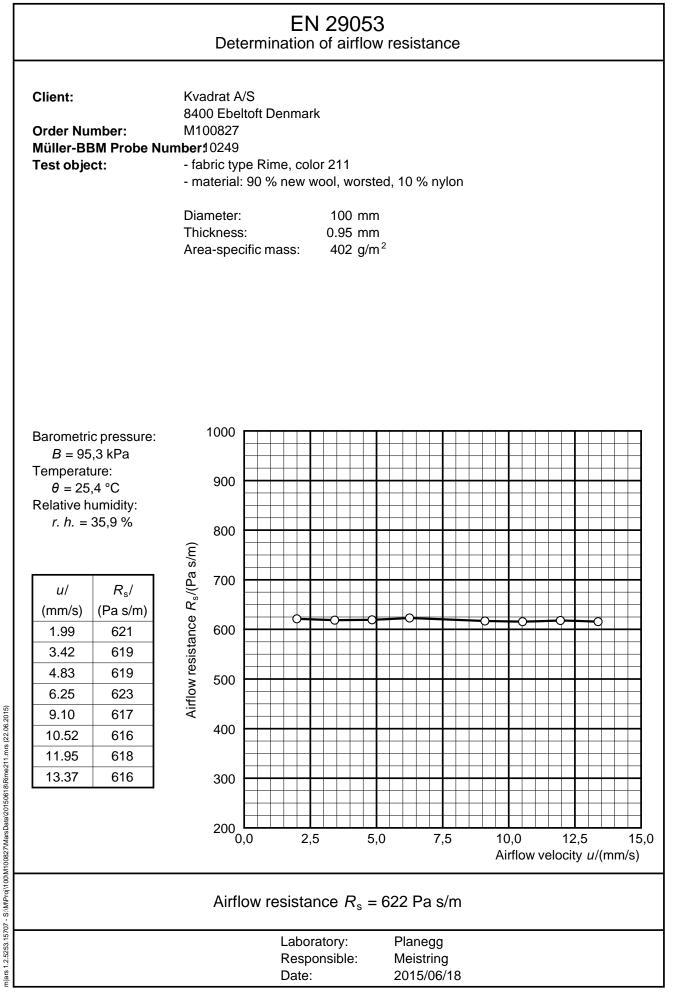
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# Description of the test procedure for the determination of the airflow resistance

#### 1 Measurand

The specific airflow resistance  $R_s$  of the test object was determined. For this purpose the air pressure difference in front of as well as behind the test object was measured at different volumetric airflow rates. The specific airflow resistance  $R_{s,i}$  for each volumetric airflow rate  $q_i$  determined was calculated using the following equation:

$$R_{\mathrm{S},i} = \frac{\Delta p_i A}{q_i}$$

With

 $R_{S,i}$  specific airflow resistance in Pa s/m;

- $\Delta p_i$  air pressure difference across the test object with respect to the atmosphere in Pa;
- A cross-sectional area of the test object perpendicular to the direction of flow in m<sup>2</sup>;
- $q_i$  volumetric airflow rate passing through the test object in m<sup>3</sup>/s;
- *u<sub>i</sub>* linear airflow velocity in m/s;

In addition the linear airflow velocity  $u_i$  was determined:

$$u_i = \frac{q_i}{A}$$

The indicated measurement result is the specific airflow resistance  $R_s$ , which is calculated for an airflow velocity of u = 0.0005 m/s by extrapolation with help of the linear regression.

#### 2 Test procedure

The direct airflow method (method A according to EN 29053) was applied. A steady unidirectional airflow with different air flow rates is pressed through the test object in the specimen holder. The resulting pressure drop between the two free faces of the test object is measured.

The specimen holder had a diameter of D = 100 mm.

#### 3 List of test equipment

The test equipment used is listed in Table B.1.

Name	Manufacturer	Туре	Serial-No.
Measurement system airflow resistance	Müller-BBM	M89319-00	315003
Software for measurement and evaluation	Müller-BBM	m ars	v1.0.0.2
Digital measuring slide	Mitutoyo	CD-15PPR	07019377
Electronic balance	Kern	KB1200-2N	W1402353

Table B.1. Test equipment.